Pleasant Local School District





Prepared By:

Treasurer/CFO

Pleasant Local School District

# Table of Contents

Forecast Summary	3
Forecast Analysis	4
Revenue Overview	5
1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)	6
1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property	7
1.030 - Income Tax	8
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	9
1.040 & 1.045 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid	10
1.050 - State Share-Local Property Taxes	11
1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	12
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	13
Expenditures Overview	14
3.010 - Personnel Services	15
3.020 - Employee Benefits	16
3.030 - Purchased Services	17
3.040 - Supplies and Materials	18
3.050 - Capital Outlay	19
3.060 - 4.060 - Intergovernmental & Debt	20
4.300 - Other Objects	21
5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses	22
Five Year Forecast	23
Appendix	
Financial Health Indicators	24
Current to Prior Forecast Compare	25

### **Forecast Purpose/Objectives**

Ohio Department of Education and Workforce's purposes/objectives for the five-year forecast are:

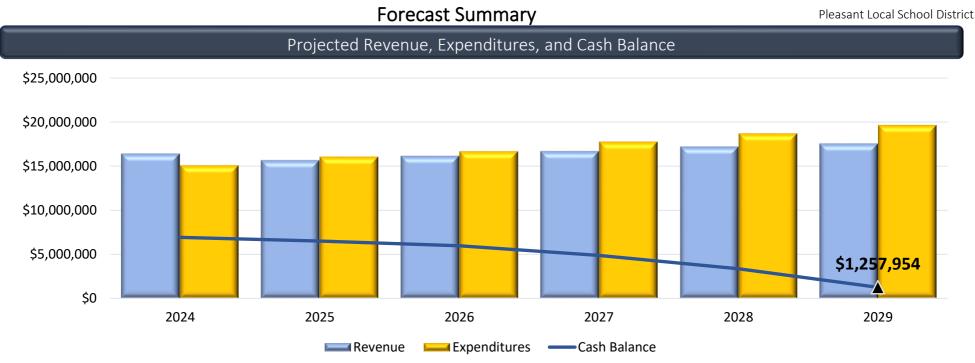
1. To engage the local board of education and the community in the long range planning and discussions of financial issues facing the school district.

2. To serve as a basis for determining the school district's ability to sign the certificate required by O.R.C. §5705.412, commonly known as the "412 certificate."

3. To provide a method for the Department of Education and Auditor of State to identify school districts with potential financial problems.

### **Forecast Methodology**

This forecast is prepared based upon historical trends and current factors. This information is then extrapolated into estimates for subsequent years. The forecast variables can change multiple times throughout the fiscal year, and while cash flow monitoring helps to identify unexpected variances, no process is guaranteed. The intent is to provide the district's financial trend over time and a roadmap for decisions aimed at encouraging financial sustainability and stability.



#### **Financial Forecast Summary**

	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2026	Fiscal Year 2027	Fiscal Year 2028	Fiscal Year 2029
Beginning Balance (Line 7.010) + Renewal/New Levies Modeled	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390
+ Revenue	15,661,097	16,146,344	16,689,922	17,200,545	17,540,888
- Expenditures	(16,069,845)	(16,686,208)	(17,783,748)	(18,713,822)	(19,650,324)
= Revenue Surplus or Deficit	(408,748)	(539,865)	(1,093,826)	(1,513,277)	(2,109,436)
Line 7.020 Ending Balance with Renewal/New Levies	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390	1,257,954

#### **Financial Summary Notes**

Expenditure growth is projected to outpace revenue change. By the end of 2029, the cash balance is projected to decline by a total of \$5,665,153 compared to 2024. For fiscal year 2029, expenditures are currently projected to exceed revenue, resulting in a revenue shortfall the final year of the forecast period.

For revenue, projected change is expected to be less than the historical average. Over the past five years, revenue increased by 6.70% (\$851,259 annually). However, it is projected to increase by 1.41% (\$230,562 annually) through fiscal year 2029. Notably, Income Tax, is expected to be \$391,233 less per year compared to history, and is the biggest driver of trend change on the revenue side.

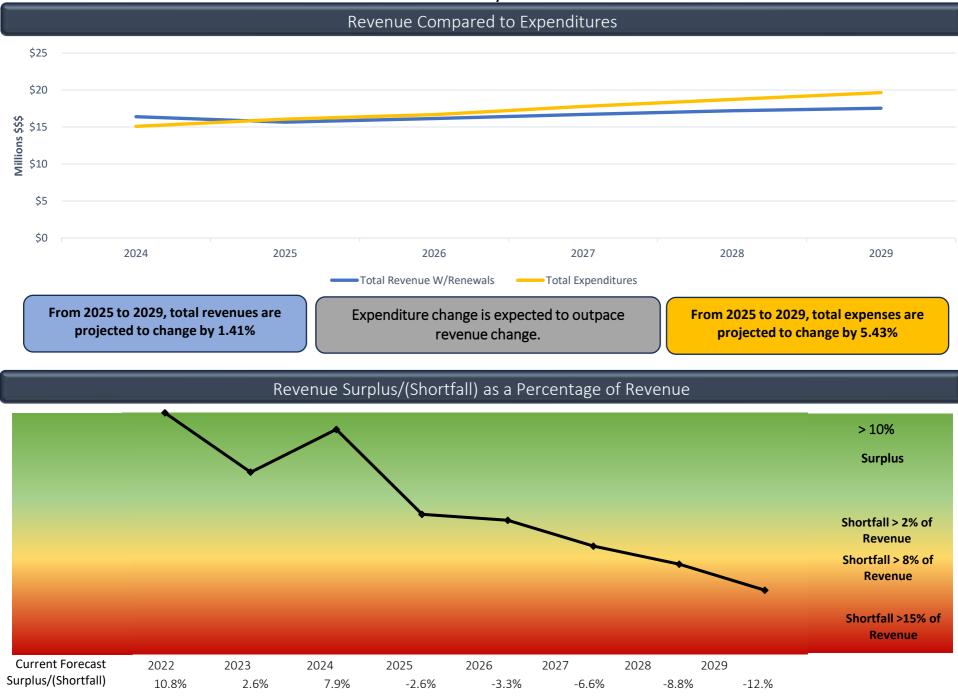
For expenses, projected change is forecasted to increase at a faster pace than the historical trend. Expenditures increased by 4.06% (\$491,078 annually) during the past 5-year period, and are projected to increase by 6.05% (\$912,357 annually) through 2029. The forecast line with the most change on the expense side, Other Uses, is anticpated to be \$630,503 less per year in the projected period compared to historical averages.

Disclosure Items:	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Modeled Renewal Levies - Annual Amount	-	-	-	-	-
Modeled New Levies - Annual Amount	-	-	-	-	-
Encumbrances (not subtracted from Cash Balance)	-	-	-	-	-

3

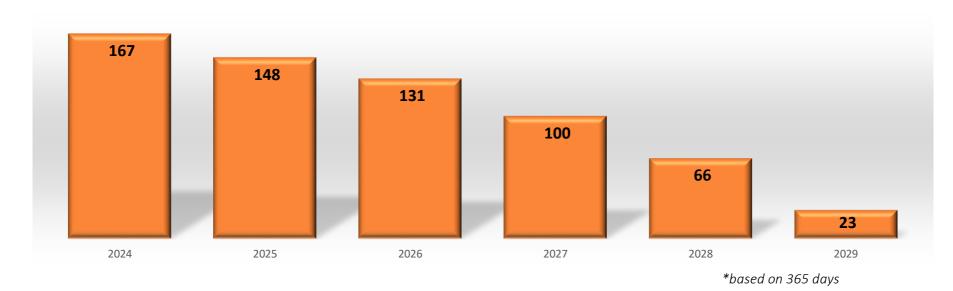


Pleasant Local School District



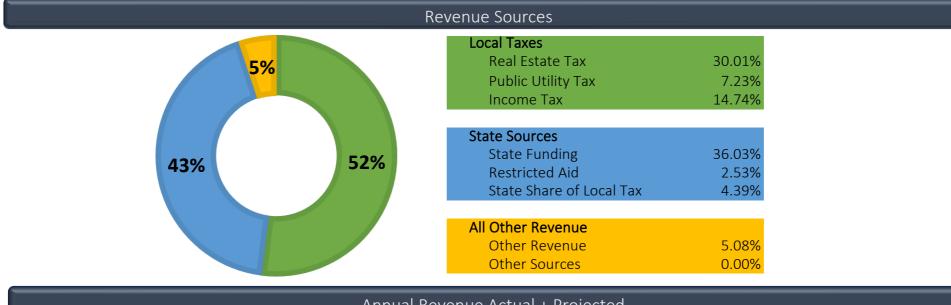
The district is trending toward revenue shortfall with the expenditures growing faster than revenue.

- A revenue increase of 12.03% is needed to balance the budget in fiscal year 2029, or a \$2,109,436 reduction in expenditures.
  - The largest contributor to the projected revenue trend is the change in Income Tax.
  - The expenditure most impacting the changing trend is Other Uses.

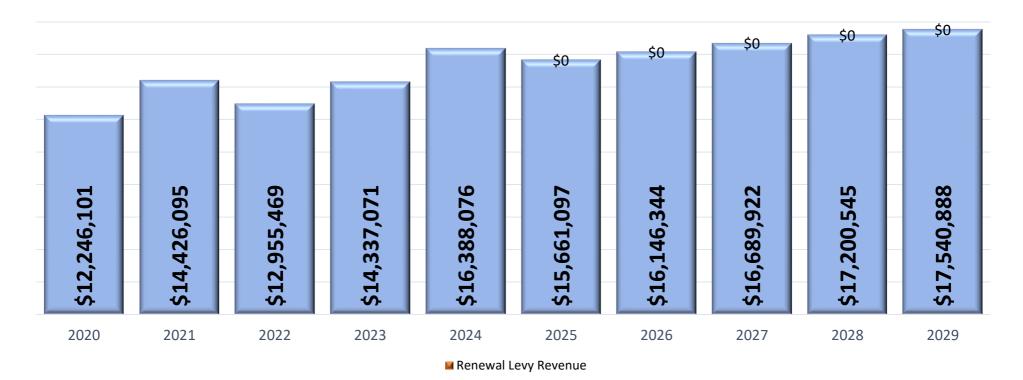


### Days Cash on Hand at Fiscal Year-end

### **Revenue Overview**







### Historic Revenue Change versus Projected Revenue Change

	Historical	Projected	Projected	Over the past five years, revenue increased by 6.70% (\$851,259
	Average	Average	Compared to	annually). However, it is projected to increase by 1.41% (\$230,562
	Annual	Annual		annually) through fiscal year 2029. Notably, Income Tax, is expected
	\$\$ Change	\$\$ Change	Variance	to be \$391,233 less per year compared to history, and is the biggest
Real Estate	\$176,450	\$160,056	(\$16,394)	driver of trend change on the revenue side.
Public Utility	\$112,309	\$14,968	(\$97,341)	
Income Tax	\$446,711	\$55,478	(\$391,233)	
State Funding	\$333,164	\$155,540	(\$177,624)	
State Share of Property Tax	\$35,326	\$9,508	(\$25,819)	
All Othr Op Rev	(\$335,465)	(\$76,793)	\$258,672	
Other Sources	\$82,763	(\$88,194)	(\$170,957)	
Total Average Annual Change	\$851,259	\$230,562	(\$620,696)	
	6.70%	1.41%	-5.29%	

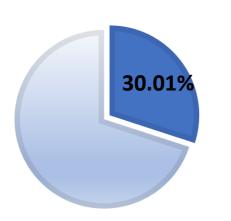
For Comparison:

Expenditure average annual change is projected to be >

\$912,357 On an annual average basis, expenditures are projected to grow faster than revenue.

# 1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)

Revenue collected from taxes levied by a school district by the assessed valuation of real property using effective tax rates for class I (residential/agricultural) and class II (business).



Real estate property tax revenue accounts for 30.01% of total district general fund revenue.



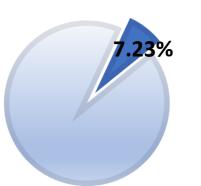
#### Key Assumptions & Notes

Values, Ta	x Rates and Gross Co	Gross Collection Rate					
Tax Yr	Valuation	Value Change	Class I Rate	Change	Class 2 Rate	Change	Including Delinquencies
2023	261,238,600	1,970,510	20.02	-	23.33	-	102.9%
2024	262,758,600	1,520,000	20.02	(0.00)	23.29	(0.04)	100.0%
2025	288,803,600	26,045,000	20.00	(0.02)	22.92	(0.37)	100.0%
2026	290,323,600	1,520,000	20.00	-	22.88	(0.04)	100.0%
2027	291,843,600	1,520,000	20.00	-	22.85	(0.04)	100.0%
2028	316,638,600	24,795,000	20.00	-	22.50	(0.35)	100.0%

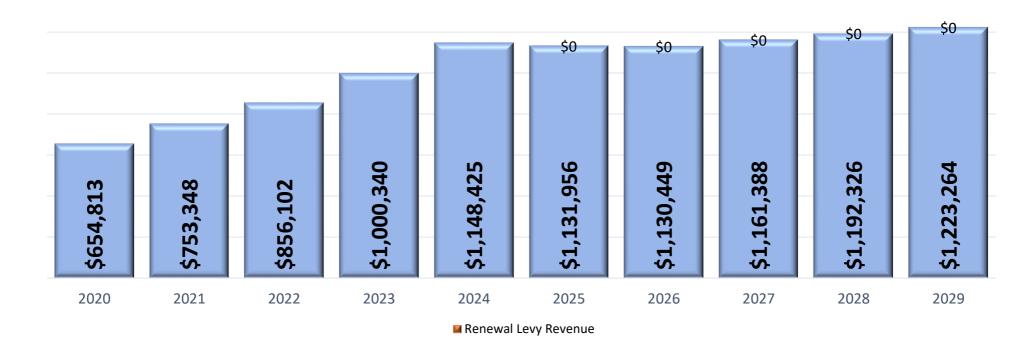
Class I, or residential/agricultural taxes make up approximately 85.02% of the real estate property tax revenue. The Class I tax rate is 20.02 mills in tax year 2024. The projections reflect an average gross collection rate of 100.0% annually through tax year 2028. The revenue changed at an average annual historical rate of 4.56% and is projected to change at an average annual rate of 3.28% through fiscal year 2029.

### 1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property

Revenue generated from public utility personal property valuations multiplied by the district's full voted tax rate.



Public Utility Personal Property tax revenue accounts for 7.23% of total district general fund revenue.



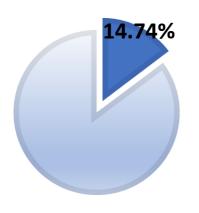
#### Key Assumptions & Notes

Values and Tax	<pre>     Rates </pre>	Gross Collection Rate			
Tax Year	Valuation	Value Change	Full Voted Rate	Change	Including Delinquencies
2023	26,878,700	598,570	41.25	-	99.7%
2024	27,998,940	1,120,240	41.25	-	100.0%
2025	28,748,940	750,000	41.25	-	100.0%
2026	29,498,940	750,000	41.25	-	100.0%
2027	30,248,940	750,000	41.25	-	100.0%
2028	30,998,940	750,000	41.25	-	100.0%

The public utility personal property tax revenue is generated from the personal property values, additions, and depreciation reported by the utility companies. The property is taxed at the full voted tax rate which in tax year 2024 is 41.25 mills. The forecast is modeling an average gross collection rate of 100.00%. The revenue changed historically at an average annual dollar amount of \$112,309 and is projected to change at an average annual dollar amount of \$14,968 through fiscal year 2029.

### 1.030 - School District Income Tax

Revenue collected from income tax earmarked specifically to support schools with a voter approved tax by residents of the school district; separate from federal, state and municipal income taxes.



School District Income Tax revenue accounts for 14.74% of total district general fund revenue.

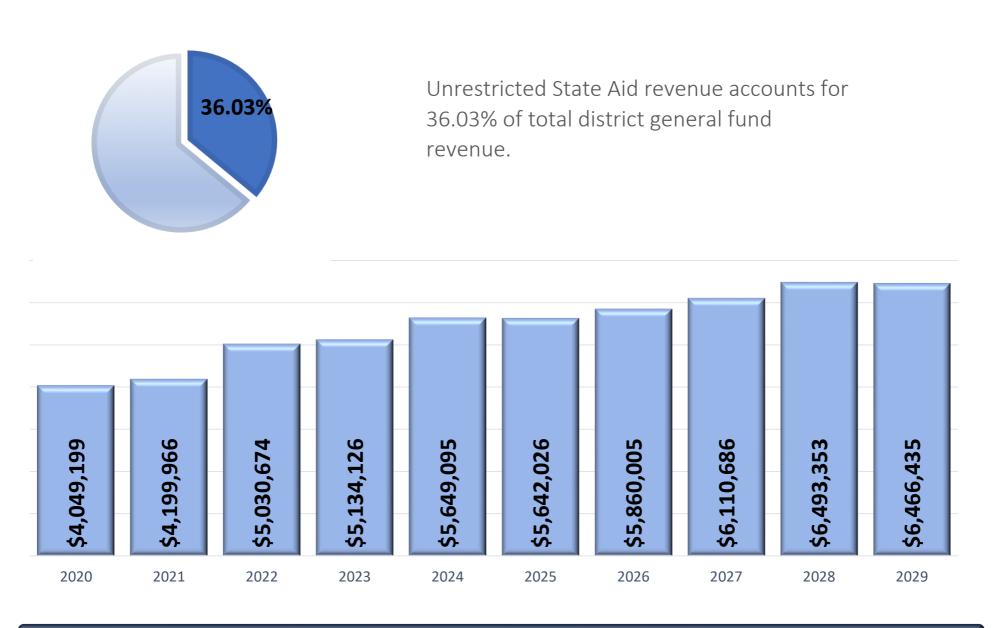


### Key Assumptions & Notes

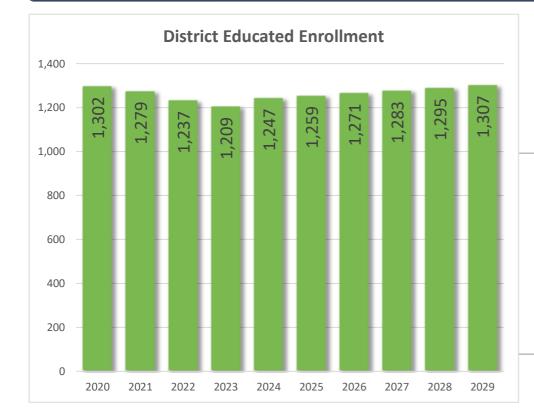
The district maintained one income tax levy in fiscal year 2025. The average annual dollar change in total income tax revenue is forecasted to be \$55,478 through 2029.

### 1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid

Funds received through the State Foundation Program with no restriction.



#### Key Assumptions & Notes



Beginning in fiscal year 2022, Ohio adopted the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). Funding is driven by a base cost methodology that incorporates the four components identified as necessary to the education process. The Base Cost is currently calculated for two years using a statewide average from historical actual data.

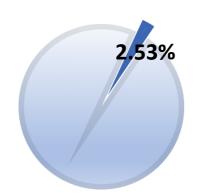
For Pleasant Local School District, the calculated Base Cost total is \$10,213,692 in 2025.

The State's Share of the calculated Base Cost total is \$4,160,713, or \$3,305 per pupil.

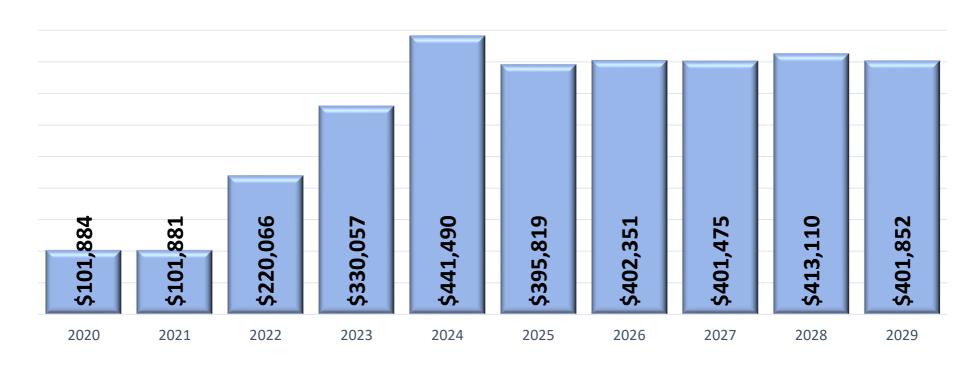
The FSFP also started funding students where they attended school. Therefore district educated enrollment is now used for per pupil funding. At the same time, the FSFP eliminated tuition transfer payments from school districts, which impacts the expense side of the forecast.

### 1.040 & 1.045 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid

Funds received through the State Foundation Program or other allocations that are restricted for specific purposes.



Restricted State Aid revenue accounts for 2.53% of total district general fund revenue.

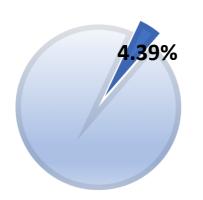


Key Assumptions & Notes

Restricted aid is the portion of state per pupil funding that must be classifed as restricted use. Historically the district's restricted state aid changed annually on average by \$113,203 and is projected to change annually on average by -\$7,928. Restricted funds represent 2.53% of the district's total revenue. Starting in fiscal year 2022, the district's Success & Wellness funding became restricted; the state's share of this funding recorded as restricted is \$189,294. This funding has implications on general fund expenditures in that certain spending now occuring in a fund external to the general fund could shift to the general fund. The expenditures in this forecast are adjusted to reflect this change.

## 1.050 - State Share of Local Property Taxes

Includes funds received for Tangible Personal Property Tax Reimbursement, Electric Deregulation, Homestead and Rollback.



State Share of Local Property tax revenue accounts for 4.39% of total district general fund revenue.

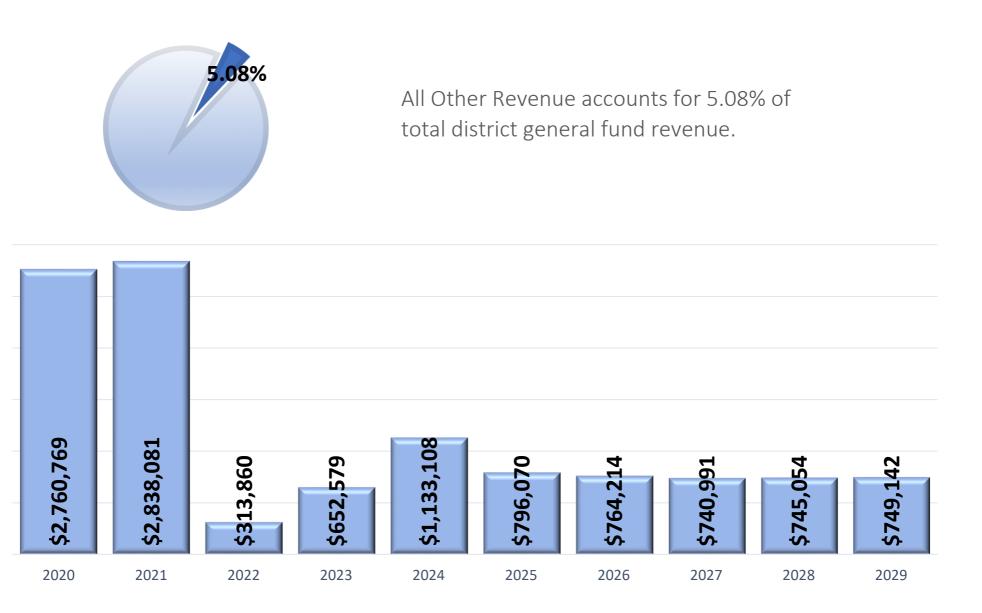


#### Key Assumptions & Notes

State Share of Local Property Taxes primarily consists of reimbursements from the state of Ohio for local taxpayer credits or reductions to their tax bill. The state reduces the local taxpayer's tax bill with a 10% rollback credit, and 2.5% owner-occupied rollback credit, plus a homestead credit for qualifying taxpayers. In fiscal year 2025, approximately 11.8% local residential property taxes will be reimbursed by the state in the form of rollback credits and approximately 2.7% will be reimbursed in the form of qualifying homestead exemption credits.

## 1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues

Operating revenue sources not included in other lines; examples include tuition, fees, earnings on investments, rentals, and donations.

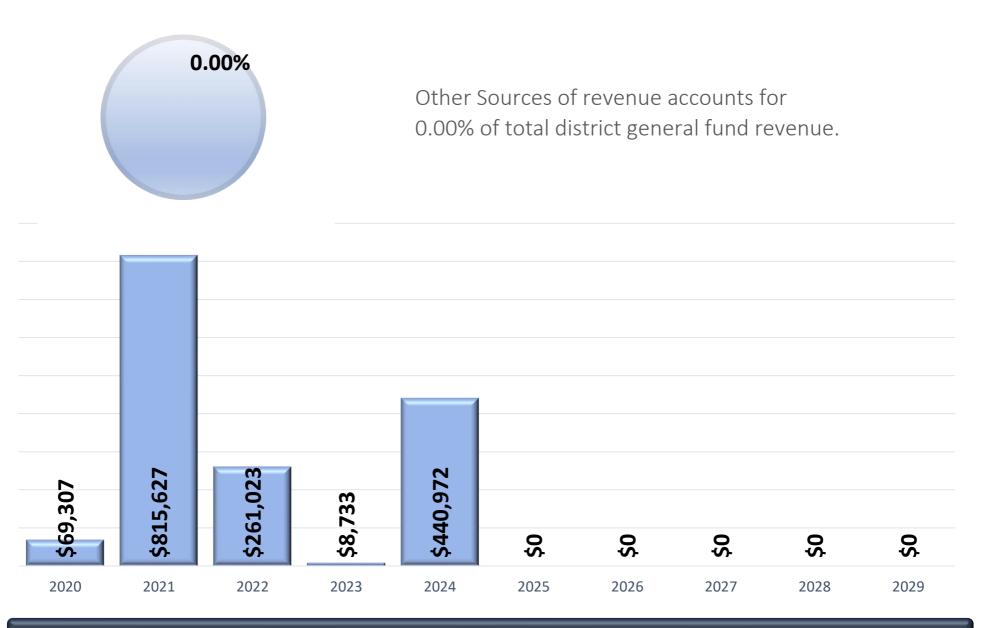


# Key Assumptions & Notes

Other revenue includes tuition received by the district for non-resident students educated by the district. It also includes interest income, payments in lieu of taxes, and miscellaneous revenue. The historical average annual change was -\$335,465. The projected average annual change is -\$76,793 through fiscal year 2029.

# 2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources

Includes proceeds from sale of notes, state emergency loans and advancements, operating transfers-in, and all other financing sources like sale and loss of assets, and refund of prior year expenditures.

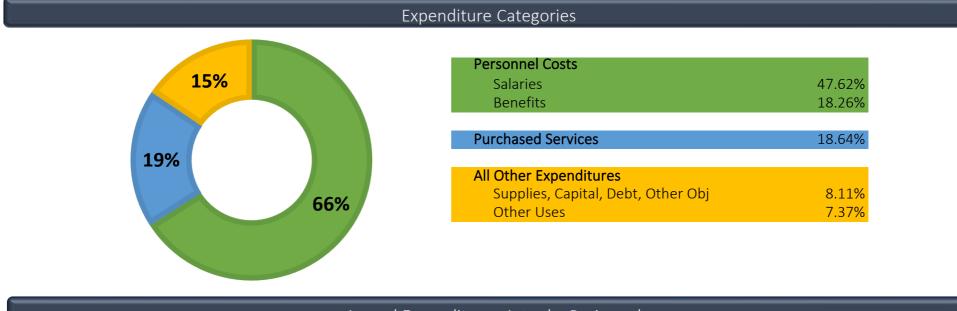


#### Key Assumptions & Notes

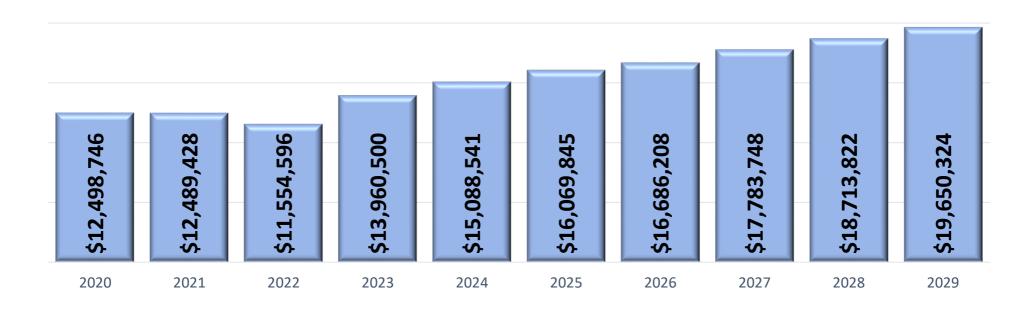
		FORECASTED					
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances In	439,941	-	-	-	-	-	
All Other Financing Sources	1,030	-	-	-	-	-	

Other sources includes revenue that is generally classified as non-operating. Return advances-in are the most common revenue source. In 2024 the district receipted \$439,941 as advances-in and is projecting advances of \$0 in fiscal year 2025. The district also receives other financing sources such as refund of prior year expenditures in this category. The district is projecting that all other financing sources will be \$0 in 2025 and average \$0 annually through 2029.

# **Expenditure** Overview



Annual Expenditures Actual + Projected



### Historic Expenditures Change versus Projected Expenditures Change

	Historical	Projected	Projected	Expenditures increased by 4.06% (\$491,078 annually) during the past
	Average	Average	Compared to	5-year period, and are projected to increase by 6.05% (\$912,357
	Annual	Annual	Historical	annually) through 2029. The forecast line with the most change on
	\$\$ Change	\$\$ Change	Variance	the expense side, Other Uses, is anticpated to be \$630,503 less per
Salaries	\$216,281	\$469,312	\$253,031	year in the projected period compared to historical averages.
Benefits	\$95 <i>,</i> 348	\$321,200	\$225,852	, p
Purchased Services	(\$288,945)	\$273,713	\$562,658	
Supplies & Materials	\$54,466	\$37,965	(\$16,500)	
Capital Outlay	(\$1,049)	\$17,376	\$18,426	
Intergov & Debt	\$0	\$0	(\$0)	
Other Objects	\$25,277	\$33,593	\$8,316	
Other Uses	\$389,700	(\$240,803)	(\$630,503)	
Total Average Annual Change	\$491,078	\$912,357	\$421,279	
	4.06%	5.43%	1.37%	

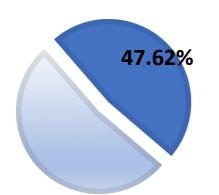
For Comparison:

Revenue average annual change is projected to be >

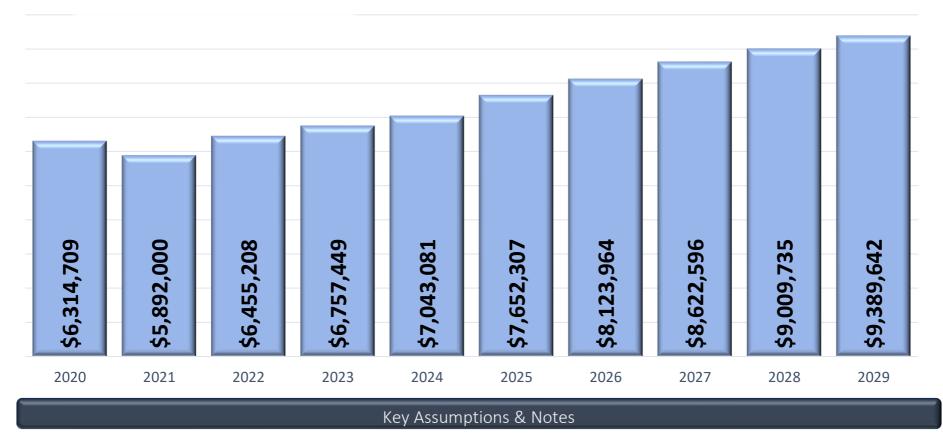
\$230,562 On an annual average basis, revenues are projected to grow slower than expenditures.

# 3.010 - Personnel Services

Employee salaries and wages, including extended time, severance pay, supplemental contracts, etc.



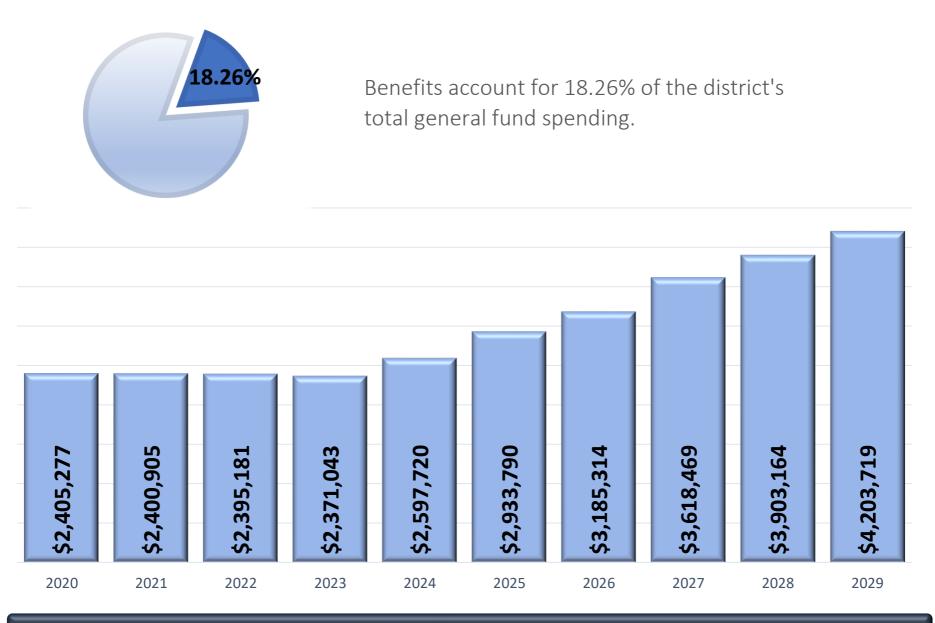
Salaries account for 47.62% of the district's total general fund spending.



Salaries represent 47.62% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 3.54% (or \$216,281). This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 5.93% (or \$469,312) through fiscal year 2029. The projected average annual rate of change is 2.39% more than the five year historical annual average.

### 3.020 - Employees' Benefits

Retirement for all employees, Workers Compensation, early retirement incentives, Medicare, unemployment, pickup on pickup, and all health-related insurances.

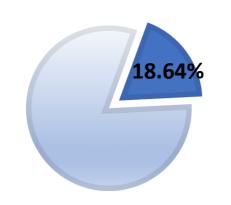


#### Key Assumptions & Notes

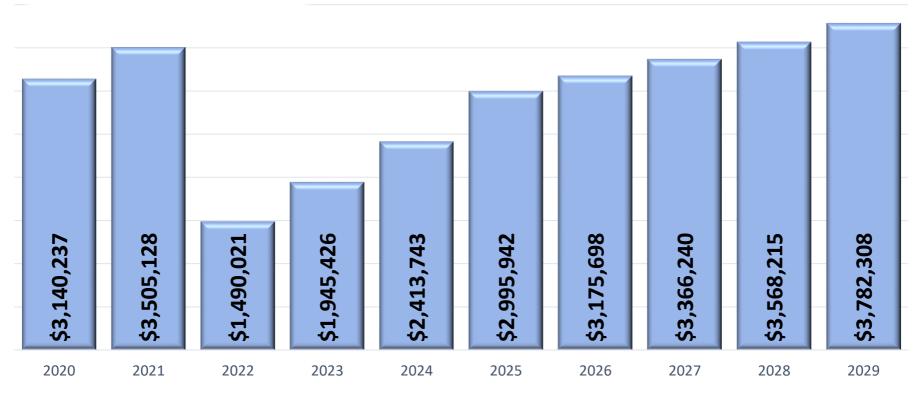
Benefits represent 18.26% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 4.31%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 10.14% through fiscal year 2029. The projected average annual rate of change is 5.83% more than the five year historical annual average.

### 3.030 - Purchased Services

Amounts paid for services rendered by personnel who are not on the payroll of the school district, expenses for tuition paid to other districts, utility costs and other services which the school district may purchase.



Purchased Services account for 18.64% of the district's total general fund spending.

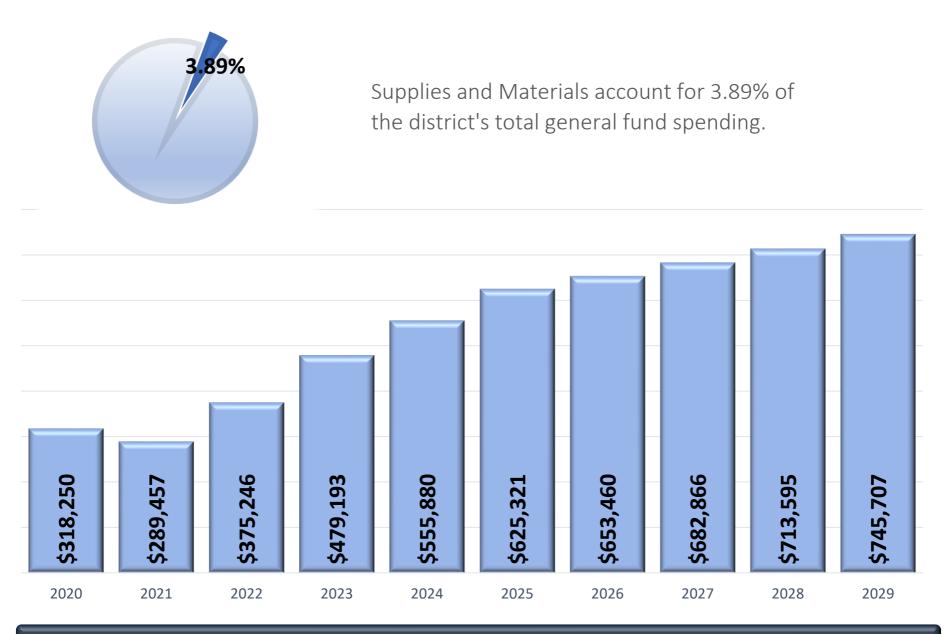


### Key Assumptions & Notes

Purchased Services represent 18.64% of total expenditures and decreased at a historical average annual rate of 1.97%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 9.62% through fiscal year 2029. Starting in 2022, the Fair School Funding Plan (State Funding) only accounted for district educated enrollment, thereby reducing district tuition costs for open enrollment 'out,' community schools, STEM, and scholarship students. This change resulted in lower district costs, but also less per pupil state revenue since per pupil funding is now paid directly by the state to the district students attend.

### 3.040 - Supplies & Materials

Expenditures for general supplies, instructional materials including textbooks and media material, bus fuel and tires, and all other maintenance supplies.

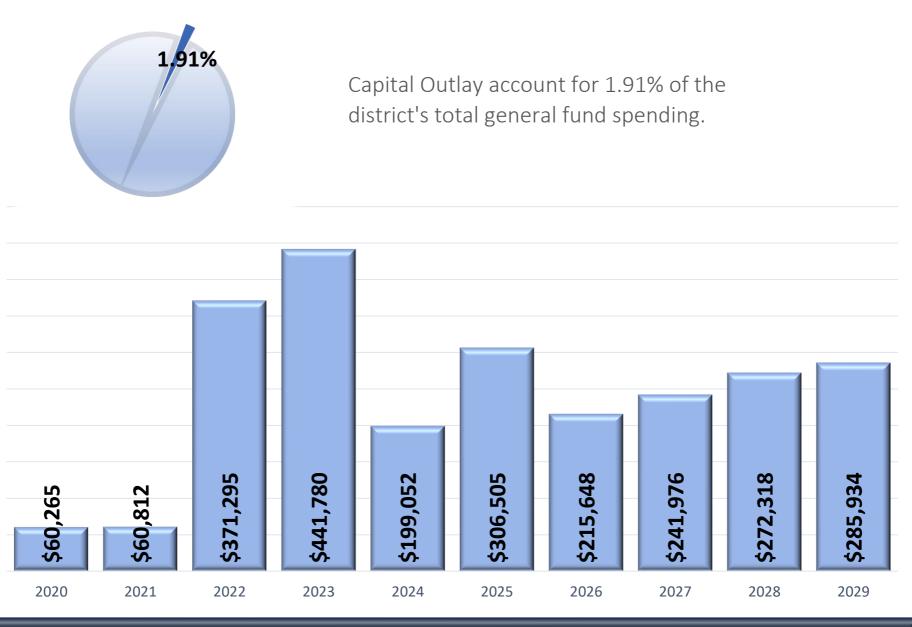


#### Key Assumptions & Notes

Supplies & Materials represent 3.89% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 15.31%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 6.10% through fiscal year 2029. The projected average annual rate of change is 9.21% less than the five year historical annual average.

# 3.050 - Capital Outlay

This line includes expenditures for items having at least a five-year life expectancy, such as land, buildings, improvements of grounds, equipment, computers/technology, furnishings, and buses.

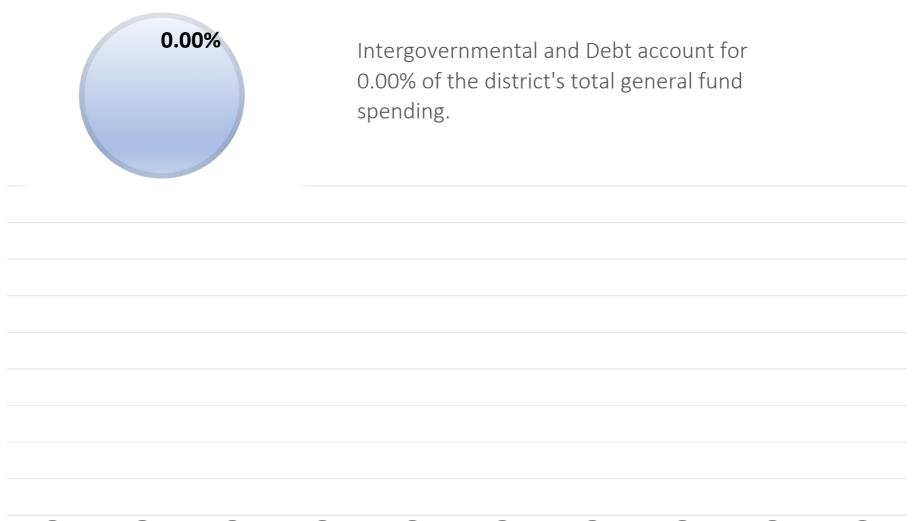


### Key Assumptions & Notes

Capital Outlay represent 1.91% of total expenditures and decreased at a historical average annual amount of \$1,049. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of \$17,376 through 2029. The projected average annual change is less than the five year historical annual average.

### 3.060-4.060 - Intergovernmental & Debt

These lines account for pass through payments, as well as monies received by a district on behalf of another governmental entity, plus principal and interest payments for general fund borrowing.



\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	ŞO	ŞO	\$0
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029

### Key Assumptions & Notes

The Intergovernmental/Debt expenditure category details general fund debt issued by the District.

## 4.300 - Other Objects

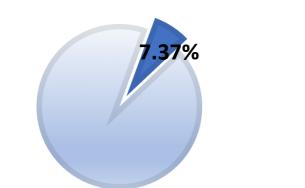
Primary components for this expenditure line are membership dues and fees, ESC contract deductions, County Auditor/Treasurer fees, audit expenses, and election expenses.



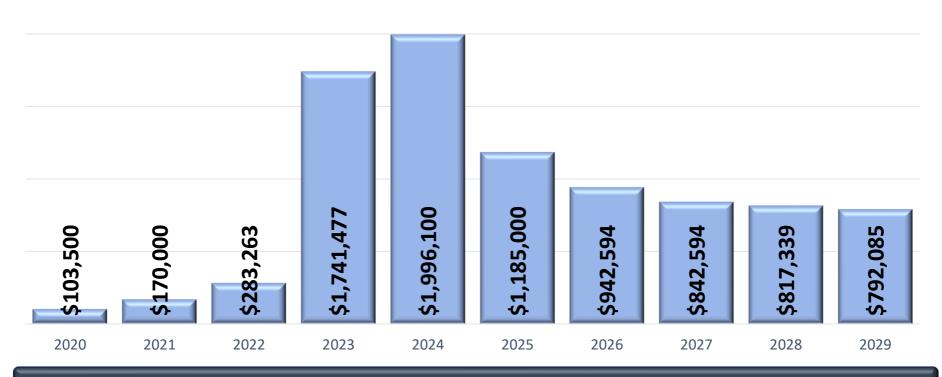
Other Objects represent 2.31% of total expenditures and increased at a historical average annual rate of 12.97%. This category of expenditure is projected to grow at an annual average rate of 10.22% through fiscal year 2029. The projected average annual rate of change is 2.75% less than the five year historical annual average.

# 5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses

Operating transfers-out, advances out to other funds, and all other general fund financing uses.



Other Uses account for 7.37% of the district's total general fund spending.



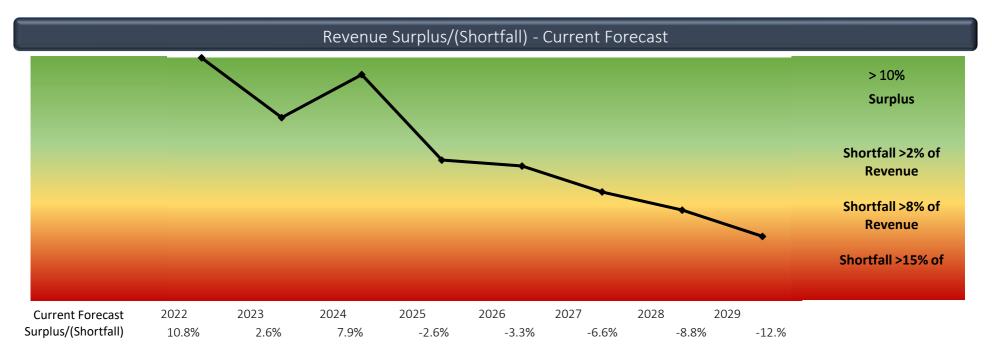
#### Key Assumptions & Notes

		FORECASTED							
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029			
Transfers Out	1,996,100	1,185,000	942,594	842,594	817,339	792,085			
Advances Out	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other Financing Uses	-	-	-	-	-	-			

Other uses includes expenditures that are generally classified as non-operating. It is typically in the form of advances-out which are then repaid into the general fund from the other district funds. In 2024 the district had no advances-out and has no advances-out forecasted through fiscal year 2029. The district can also move general funds permanently to other funds, and as the schedule above presents, the district has transfers forecasted through fiscal year 2029. The table above presents the district's planned advances and transfers. The district can also have other uses of funds which is reflected in the table above.

# Pleasant Local School District Five Year Forecast November Fiscal Year

Г	Actual			FORECASTED		
Fiscal Year:	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Revenue:						
1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)	4,585,317	4,699,577	4,907,505	5,105,275	5,131,501	5,385,596
1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property	1,148,425	1,131,956	1,130,449	1,161,388	1,192,326	1,223,264
1.030 - Income Tax	2,233,557	2,308,292	2,357,096	2,407,119	2,458,393	2,510,948
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	5,649,095	5,642,026	5,860,005	6,110,686	6,493,353	6,466,435
1.040 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid	441,490	395,819	402,351	401,475	413,110	401,852
1.050 - State Share-Local Property Taxes	756,113	687,357	724,724	762,988	766,808	803,651
1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	1,133,108	796,070	764,214	740,991	745,054	749,142
1.070 - Total Revenue	15,947,104	15,661,097	16,146,344	16,689,922	17,200,545	17,540,888
Other Financing Sources:						
2.010 - Proceeds from Sale of Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.020 - State Emergency Loans and Adv	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.040 - Operating Transfers-In	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.050 - Advances-In	439,941	-	-	-	-	-
2.060 - All Other Financing Sources	1,030	-	-	-	-	-
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	440,972	-	-	-	-	-
2.080 - Total Rev & Other Sources	16,388,076	15,661,097	16,146,344	16,689,922	17,200,545	17,540,888
Expenditures:						
3.010 - Personnel Services	7,043,081	7,652,307	8,123,964	8,622,596	9,009,735	9,389,642
3.020 - Employee Benefits	2,597,720	2,933,790	3,185,314	3,618,469	3,903,164	4,203,719
3.030 - Purchased Services	2,413,743	2,995,942	3,175,698	3,366,240	3,568,215	3,782,308
3.040 - Supplies and Materials	555,880	625,321	653,460	682,866	713,595	745,707
3.050 - Capital Outlay	199,052	306,505	215,648	241,976	272,318	285,934
Intergovernmental & Debt Service	155,052	500,505	213,048	241,570	272,510	203,334
-		270.001	200 520	-	-	450.000
4.300 - Other Objects	282,965	370,981	389,530	409,006	429,457	450,929
4.500 - Total Expenditures	13,092,441	14,884,846	15,743,614	16,941,154	17,896,483	18,858,240
Other Financing Uses	1 000 100	1 405 000	042 504	042 504	017 000	702.005
5.010 - Operating Transfers-Out 5.020 - Advances-Out	1,996,100	1,185,000	942,594	842,594	817,339	792,085
	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.030 - All Other Financing Uses	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses	1,996,100	1,185,000	942,594	842,594	817,339	792,085
5.050 - Total Exp and Other Financing Uses	15,088,541	16,069,845	16,686,208	17,783,748	18,713,822	19,650,324
6.010 - Excess of Rev Over/(Under) Exp	1,299,535	(408,748)	(539,865)	(1,093,826)	(1,513,277)	(2,109,436)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7.010 - Cash Balance July 1 (No Levies)	5,623,572	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390
7.020 - Cash Balance June 30 (No Levies)	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390	1,257,954
	R	eservations				
8.010 - Estimated Encumbrances June 30		-	_			
9.080 - Reservations Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_
10.010 - Fund Bal June 30 for Cert of App	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390	1,257,954
Rev from Replacement/Renewal Levies	0,520,100	0,011,000	3,37 1,133	1,000,007	3,307,330	1,207,001
11.010 & 11.020 - Renewal Levies		-	-	-	-	-
11.030 - Cumulative Balance of Levies	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.010 - Fund Bal June 30 for Cert of Obligations	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390	1,257,954
Revenue from New Levies		.,,0000	,,	,,20.	,,200	_,,,
13.010 & 13.020 - New Levies		-	-	-	-	_
13.030 - Cumulative Balance of New Levies	_	-	-	-	-	-
15.010 - Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	6,923,106	6,514,358	5,974,493	4,880,667	3,367,390	1,257,954

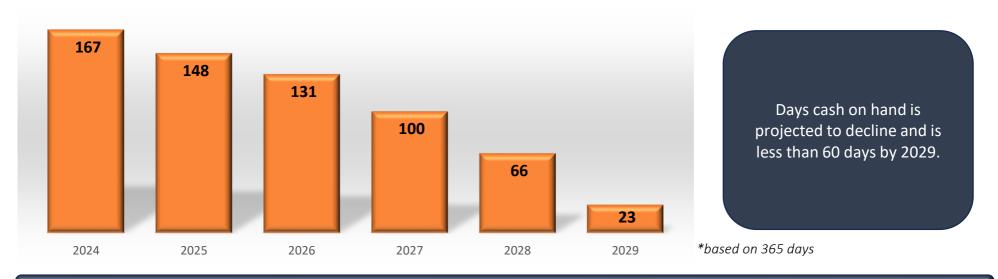


The district is trending toward revenue shortfall with the expenditures growing faster than revenue.

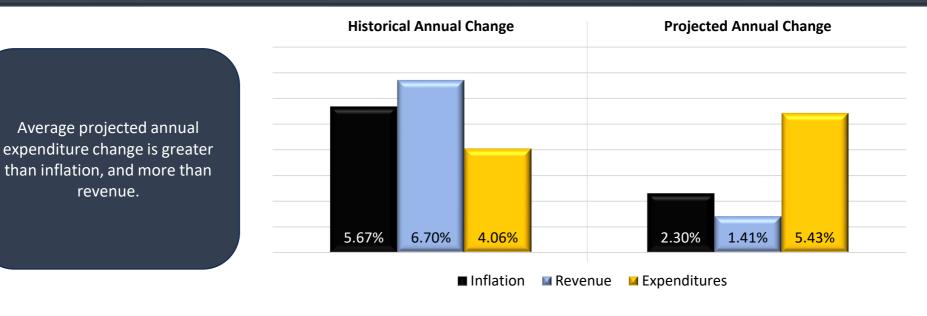
A revenue increase of 12.03% is needed to balance the budget in fiscal year 2029, or a \$2,109,436 reduction in expenditures.

- The largest contributor to the projected revenue trend is the change in Income Tax.
- The expenditure most impacting the changing trend is Other Uses.

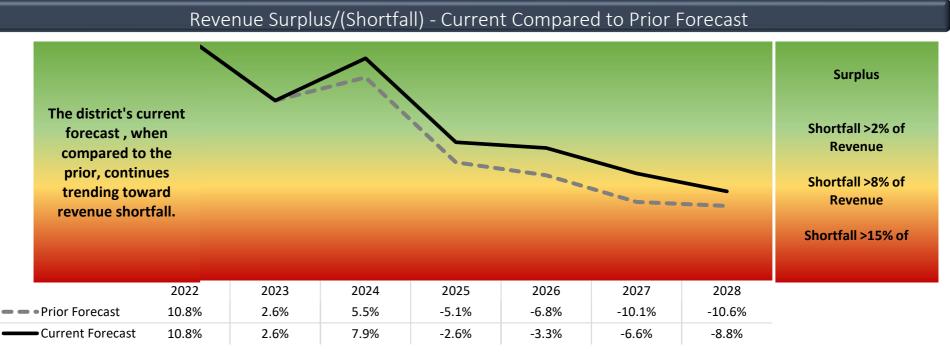
### Days Cash on Hand - Current Forecast



#### 5-Year Average Annual Change - Inflation, Revenue and Expenditures



CPI (Inflation) Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (September 23, 2024) https://alfred.stlouisfed.org



Note: 2029 not included in prior forecast

#### Days Cash on Hand - Current Compared to Prior Forecast



_	— II.		~ . ~	
Revenue and	Evnenditure	Variances -	Current Compare	d to Prior Forecast
		variances		

	Revenue Variance		
Cumulative Favorable Revenue Variance	3.08%	\$2,451,766	
	Largest Revenue Variances		The current revenue
1.035,1.040 State	1.82%	\$1,450,775	forecast is up by
1.01 Real Estate	0.70%	\$561,318	3.08% compared to
1.060 All Other 2.xx Other Sources	0.51%	\$402,288	the prior forecast.
All Other Revenue Categories	0.05%	\$37,386	

NET cumulative forecast impact for the forecast period 2024 - 2028 of Revenue and Expense variances is 2.61% (or \$2,059,237).

	Expenditure		
	0.47%	\$392,529	Cumulative Unfavorable Expenditure Variance
The current forecast	Largest Expendit	ture Variances	
for expenditures is up	-1.66%	(\$1,396,170)	Intergov + Debt + Other
by 0.47% compared to	1.13%	\$949,762	3.01 Salaries
the prior forecast.	0.93%	\$782,267	3.02 Benefits
	0.07%	\$56,670	All Other Expenditure Categories